Robust Summaries for

Diethylenetriamine, 1,7-bis(1,3-dimethylbutylidene)

CAS No. 10595-60-5

Existing Chemical

CAS No.

ID: 10595-60-5

10595-60-5

Producer Related Part

Company:

PPG Industries, Inc.

Creation date:

01-NOV-2002

Substance Related Part

Company:

PPG Industries, Inc.

Creation date: 01-NOV-2002

Printing date:

Revision date:

12-DEC-2002

Date of last Update: 06-DEC-2002

Number of Pages:

Chapter (profile):

Chapter: 2.1, 2.2, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6.1, 3.1.1, 3.1.2, 3.3.1,

3.5, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 5.1.1, 5.1.2, 5.1.3, 5.1.4, 5.4, 5.5,

5.6, 5.8.1, 5.8.2

Reliability (profile): Reliability: without reliability, 1, 2, 3, 4

Flags (profile):

Flags: without flag, confidential, non confidential, WGK

(DE), TA-Luft (DE), Material Safety Dataset, Risk

Assessment, Directive 67/548/EEC, SIDS

2. Physico-chemical Data

date: 12-DEC-2002

Substance ID: 10595-60-5

2.1 Melting Point

-

2.2 Boiling Point

_

2.4 Vapour Pressure

Value: = .00035 hPa at 25 degree C

Method: other (calculated)

Year: 2002 GLP: no

Remark:

The vapor pressure was estimated using the EPIWIN/MPBPWIN

Program. The calculation used a boiling point of 321.28 degree C that was calculated by the same model. The vapor pressure calculation was done by the modified Grain method.

Reliability:

(2) valid with restrictions
Data were obtained by modeling.

2.5 Partition Coefficient

Partition Coeff.: octanol-water

log Pow:

= 7.63

Method:

other (calculated)

Year:

2002

GLP:

no

Remark:

The Log Kow was calculated using the EPIWIN/WSKow program.

Reliability:

(2) valid with restrictions
Data were obtained by modeling.

2.6.1 Solubility in different media

-

3. Environmental Fate and Pathways

date: 12-DEC-2002

Substance ID: 10595-60-5

3.1.1 Photodegradation

Type: air
Light source: other

DIRECT PHOTOLYSIS

Halflife t1/2: = .1 day(s)

Method: other (calculated)

Year: 2002 GLP: no

Method: The half-life is calculated using the EPIWIN/AOPWIN Program.

The hydroxyl radical rate constant was calculated to be

95.2679 E-12 cm3/molecule-sec.

Reliability: (2) valid with restrictions

Data were obtained by modeling.

3.1.2 Stability in Water

Type: abiotic

Deg. products: yes

108-10-1 203-550-1 4-methylpentan-2-one 111-40-0 203-865-4 2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)

Method: OECD Guide-line 111 "Hydrolysis as a Function of pH"

Year: 2002
GLP: yes
Test substance: other TS

Result: The temperature of the test solutions was maintained at

approximately 20 degree C during hydrolysis testing. The pH of the test solutions was relatively unchanged. The test substance hydrolyzed rapidly in natural water bodies. In addition, the presence of the degradate DETA was confirmed

during each of the tests.

Test condition: Hydrolysis testing was performed at approximately 2450 mg/L at

pH 1.2 and 4 and approximately 250 mg/L at pH 7 and 9.

Samples were collected at four to six intervals, depending on pH, to monitor a fast hydrolysis rate. At each interval, the concentration of the test substance and the presence of the degradate diethylenetriamine (DETA, CAS number 111-40-0) in solution was determined by liquid abromatography/mags.

solution was determined by liquid chromatography/mass

spectrometry (LC/MS).

Test substance: The test substance used was 70% diethylenetriamine,

1,7-bis(1,3-dimethylbutylidene) in methylisobutylketone (MIBK). The reference substance used was Diethylenetriamine

(DETA, CAS number 111-40-0).

3. Environmental Fate and Pathways

date: 12-DEC-2002 Substance ID: 10595-60-5

Reliability: (1) valid without restriction

Reference: (1)

Type: abiotic

Deg. products: yes

108-10-1 203-550-1 4-methylpentan-2-one 111-40-0 203-865-4 2,2'-iminodi(ethylamine)

Method: OECD Guide-line 111 "Hydrolysis as a Function of pH"

Year: 2002 GLP: no

Test substance: other TS

Result: Over 90 % of the test substance hydrolyzed within 5

minutes. The test substance was almost completely hydrolyzed within one hour period. The presence of the degradate DETA

was also confirmed.

Test condition: Hydrolysis testing was performed with test substance in 0.01 molar

at pH 1, 4, 7, and 9. Samples were collected at the very beginning of the reaction and at several successive intervals. At each interval, the concentration of the test substance and the presence of the degradate diethylenetriamine (DETA, CAS

number 111-40-0) in solution was determined by mass

spectrometry (MS).

Test substance: The test substance used was 70% diethylenetriamine,

1,7-bis(1,3-dimethylbutylidene) in methylisobutylketone (MIBK). The reference substance used was Diethylenetriamine

(DETA, CAS number 111-40-0).
(2) valid with restrictions

The test was not conducted in compliance with GLP.

Reference: (2)

3.3.1 Transport between Environmental Compartments

Type: fugacity model level III

Media: water - air

Method: other Year: 2002

Reliability:

Air: .078 % (Fugacity Model Level I)
Water: 3.59 % (Fugacity Model Level I)
Soil: 27.3 % (Fugacity Model Level I)

Method: The EPIWIN Program was used to conduct Level III fugacity

modeling. A mass amount of 69% is estimated for sediment

using the same model.

Reliability: (2) valid with restrictions

Data were obtained by modeling.

3. Environmental Fate and Pathways

date: 12-DEC-2002

Substance ID: 10595-60-5

3.5 Biodegradation

date: 12-DEC-2002 **4. Ecotoxicity**Substance ID: 10595-60-5

AQUATIC ORGANISMS

4.1 Acute/Prolonged Toxicity to Fish

4.2 Acute Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrates

4.3 Toxicity to Aquatic Plants e.g. Algae

date: 12-DEC-2002 **5. Toxicity**Substance ID: 10595-60-5

5.1 Acute Toxicity

5.1.1 Acute Oral Toxicity

Type: LD50
Species: rat
Strain: other

No. of Animals: 30

Doses: 1.0, 2.0, 4.0 ml/kg Value: = 1.9 ml/kg bw

Method: other
Year: 1981
GLP: no

Test substance: as prescribed in the test plan

Method: Standard FHSA procedures was followed.

Result: All animals dosed at 4.0 ml/kg died within one day of dosing.

Six animals died from one to nine days after dosing in the 2.0 ml/kg group. No animals treated with 1 ml/kg died. The LD50 was 2.13 ml/kg for males, 1.64 ml/kg for females, and 1.88

ml/kg for both sexes.

Test condition: Groups of five male and five female fasted Albino rats were

dosed with the undiluted sample at dosage levels of 4, 2, and 1 ml/kg. Animals were observed for signs of toxicity and mortality. Weight changes were measured in 14 day study period. Necropsies were performed on all animals upon death

or 14 days after dosing.

Reliability: (2) valid with restrictions

The test was not conducted in compliance with GLP. The study is comparable to a Guideline study and is acceptable for assessment.

Reference: (3)

5.1.2 Acute Inhalation Toxicity

_

5.1.3 Acute Dermal Toxicity

Type: LD50
Species: rabbit

Strain: New Zealand white

Sex: male/female

No. of Animals: 4

 Doses:
 2.0 ml/kg

 Value:
 > 2 ml/kg bw

Method: other Year: 1981 no

Test substance: as prescribed in the test plan

date: 12-DEC-2002 **5. Toxicity**Substance ID: 10595-60-5

Method: Modified Interagency Regulatory Liason Group Guidelines for

Selected Acute Toxicity Test.

Result: No animals died during the 14 day test period. Severe

erythema, severe eschar, and necrosis were noted. The LD50

was greater than 2 ml/kg body weight.

Test condition: Dorsal area (240 cm2) of two males and two females was abraded

and dosed under porous gauze dressing covered by a

semi-occlusive wrapping of polyethylene sheetings. Rabbits

were restrained in a hood for 24-hour contact period.

Reliability: (2) valid with restrictions

The test was not conducted in compliance with GLP.

Reference: (3)

5.1.4 Acute Toxicity, other Routes

5.4 Repeated Dose Toxicity

5.5 Genetic Toxicity 'in Vitro'

5.6 Genetic Toxicity 'in Vivo'

5.8.1 Toxicity to Fertility

5.8.2 Developmental Toxicity/Teratogenicity

8

9. References Substance ID: 10595-60-5

(1) Springborn Smithers Laboratories. Report 511.6215, Dated 10-29-02.

- (2) PPG Industries Analytical Report No. CR10040, Dated 9-18-02.
- (3) Carnegie-Mellon Institute of Research Report No. 81-21S, Dated 3-13-81.